

RHODE ISLAND COLLEGE

M.Ed. In TESL Program Country Informational Reports

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Informational Report: China

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Location

*China is located in East Asia

*Borders Russia, Mongolia and India; bounded on the East by the China Sea

*China is the world's most populated country with an estimated 1.3 billion people



(Flaitz 2003)

(Image: Mabry Online 2012)

Literacy and Poverty Rates

- As of 2010 the literacy rate in China is 97% with 95% of females literate and 99% of males literate.
- A literate person in China is defined as one who can recognize more than 1500 Chinese characters
- China has over 120 million people living below the poverty line; an estimated 13.4% of the country's population

(CIA 2012)

Ethnicity, Language, and Religion

- 92% Han Chinese and 8% representing 55 minorities
- Mandarin Chinese is the official language however Mongolian, Tibetan, Miao, Tai, Uygur, Kazak and various other dialects are spoken in regions throughout the country
- 93% a combination of Buddhist, Confucianism and Taoism; 7% other includes various types of Christians, Muslims and Jews
- (Culture Crossing 2012)

Important Political Information

- In 1949 after nearly 20 years of civil war the Communist party defeated the Nationalists proclaiming the founding of the People's Republic of China
- Tibet unwillingly became a part of China in 1950;
 violence and uprising in Tibet continues to this day
- In 1979 China imposed one-child policy in an effort to curb the population growth
- In 2011 China overtook Japan to become the world's second largest economy

(BBC 2012)

Education Policy

- In China education is considered a right and an obligation. In order to maintain its powerful presence in the world China must educate their young
- Education promotes a socialist worldview
- School is mandated until the age of 15
- Despite vast rural areas China continues to expand their education system even to adults.
- China encourages their workforce to pursue degrees in higher education

(Flaitz 2003)

Schools and Curriculum

Level	Age/Grade	Required	Class Size
Preschool and Kindergarten	Ages 3-5	No	50-60
Elementary	Ages 6-12 Grades 1-6	Yes	50-60
Middle	Ages 12-15 Grades 7-9	Yes through 15	50-60 in a cohort
High	Ages 15-18 Grades 10-12	No	50-60 in a cohort
University	Ages 18-22	No	20-30

*The school year in China typically runs from September to July. However summer break is usually spent in summer classes or studying for exams. The average school day is from 7:30 a.m. until 5:00 p.m.

*The curriculum includes math, social studies, science, morality, politics, music, art, and foreign language

(Flaitz 2003)

Teaching Style

- Classes in China are large, with 50-60 students in each, therefore teaching tends to be formal
- The most common form of teaching is lecture; teachers do not expect a great deal of participation
- Teachers are considered authority figures and as a result are highly respected
- Teachers are expected to be strict, prepared, knowledgeable, creative, simulating and are held accountable for their students' success
- As a sign of respect students do not maintain eye contact with the teacher during a lecture

(Flaitz 2003 and Culture Crossing 2012)

Style and Setting

Learning Style

- Students are expected to sit and listen, and only read or write when instructed
- Students work hard and graciously accept any and all work assigned
- Grueling exams are an essential part of the curriculum
- Greatly enjoy classroom competition and performing

Instructional Setting

- Textbooks are provided by the school however parents must buy any other additional materials required
- In many rural schools there is a lack of technology. In some areas electricity shutdowns occur regularly

(Flaitz 2003)

Relationships

Student-Teacher Relationships

- *Teachers send home notes to children who misbehave; this is considered shameful
- *Some teachers develop close relationships with students and become very involved in their personal lives.
- *Students show constant respect and affect for their teachers. They will go out of their way to aid the teacher in day to day activities.
- *Students look to teachers for guidance

Student-Student Relationships

- *Since students remain in a cohort they tend to form close bonds with their classmates
- *Student leaders are elected. Their job is to provide advice and guidance to their peers

(Flaitz 2003)

(Image: Word Press 2010)



Chinese Culture

*Chinese value hard work, sacrifice, personal accountability, and self-discipline.

*Learning for the sake of learning motivates both young and old

*The Chinese have a cultural concept called the iron triangle. Work, home and the State are the backbone of their lives

*Value placed on the collective whole rather than the individual.
Individualism is considered selfish.

*Cooperation is the key to strength and endurance

*Respect for the elderly is vital (Flaitz 2003)

(Image: Prisqua 2011)



Chinese Views and Attitudes

Views of English

*Beginning 2001 English was taught from primary school *The use of English textbooks and television is encouraged *Learning English is a longterm goal in China. They feel it is essential and a way to enhance the cultural and educational quality of their people.

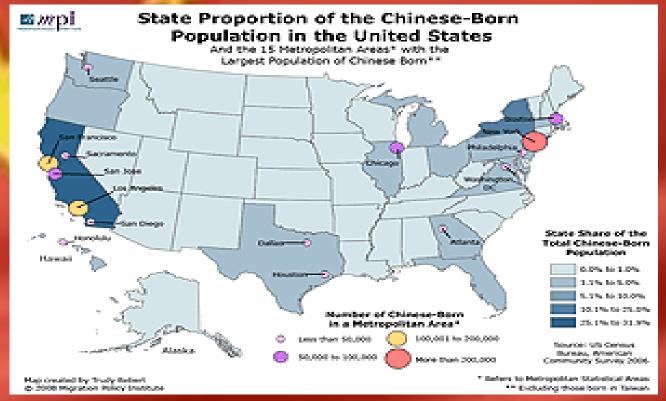
Views of the U.S.A.

*The U.S.A. is a valuable trading partner

*Even though many
Chinese have an
unfavorable view of the
U.S.A. they remain
fascinated and influenced
by American culture

(Qiang 2002 and Facts and Details)

Immigration to the United States



*In 2006 the Chinese became the third largest immigrant group in the U.S.; with 1.6 million China born living throughout the United States *Half of the immigrants from China have settled in New York and California. Massachusetts, Georgia, Texas, New Jersey and Illinois also have a large Chinese immigrant population.

(Image and Facts courtesy of Migration Information Source)

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